

WOJEWÓDZKI KONKURS PRZEDMIOTOWY Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

arkusz próbny LinguaShift

ARKUSZ 5 - ETAP SZKOLNY

- Na wypełnienie testu masz 60 min.
- Arkusz zawiera 8 zadań oraz brudnopis.
- Przed rozpoczęciem pracy sprawdź, czy Twój arkusz jest kompletny.
- Zadania czytaj uważnie i ze zrozumieniem.
- Odpowiedzi wpisuj czytelnie długopisem lub piórem.
- W zadaniach zamkniętych zaznacz jedną prawidłową odpowiedź.
- W zadaniach otwartych wymagana jest poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna.
- Postaraj się udzielić odpowiedzi na wszystkie pytania.

Powodzenia!

Maksymalna liczba punktów - 100

Liczba uzyskanych punktów -

Imię i nazwisko ucznia:

Podpisy członków komisji sprawdzających prac:

1.

2.

Zadanie nr 1 (0-6 pkt)

Przeczytaj tekst. Uzupełnij luki (1-6), wybierając właściwe zdanie A-G. Jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej luki. Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

Could We Really Live on Mars?

Before people can build permanent homes on the Moon or Mars, they need to understand how humans cope with isolation, limited resources and hostile environments. Sending volunteers directly to another planet would be far too dangerous for an early experiment. (1) _____

Instead, researchers create simulated space missions in some of Earth's most extreme places. Teams may spend weeks or months in deserts, polar regions or specially designed habitats. (2) _____ They follow strict routines, ration supplies and sometimes communicate with mission control as if they were far from Earth.

These experiments test both technology and people. Equipment for growing food, recycling water or producing energy can be studied under difficult conditions. (3) _____ Living in a small group can also create stress, especially when privacy is limited and leaving the habitat is not an easy option.

Researchers pay close attention to teamwork. A crew may contain excellent scientists, but technical ability is not enough if members cannot solve disagreements or support one another. (4) _____ Future missions could last for years, so psychological resilience will be essential.

No Earth-based experiment can reproduce Mars perfectly. Gravity, radiation and the impossibility of quick rescue would be very different. (5) _____ Nevertheless, simulations allow many problems to be discovered before lives depend on the solutions. (6) _____

- A. For this reason, scientists practise closer to home first.
- B. The volunteers try to behave as though they are genuine space crews.
- C. Researchers also observe sleep, mood, decision-making and conflict.
- D. Choosing the right personalities may be as important as choosing the right machines.
- E. A simulation therefore has clear limits.
- F. Each test brings planners a little closer to understanding what a real mission would require.
- G. The first people on Mars will certainly return to Earth every weekend.

...../6 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 2 (0-8 pkt)

Przeczytaj uważnie tekst, a następnie zdecyduj, czy zdania 1-8 są zgodne z jego treścią (TRUE), czy nie (FALSE). Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

The Mystery of the Death Jars

In parts of Laos, enormous ancient stone jars stand across the landscape. For decades, archaeologists have debated why they were made and how they were used. Recent excavations have found human bones and teeth associated with some of the jars, providing new evidence about their connection with burial practices.

At one site, researchers discovered remains belonging to many individuals. The people were not all buried at the same time, suggesting that the place may have been used by a community across generations rather than for one single event.

The jars are difficult to study because many sites are remote and some areas contain unexploded bombs left from twentieth-century conflicts. Archaeologists must therefore work carefully and sometimes cannot investigate every location.

New scientific techniques may reveal where the people came from, what they ate and whether they were related. Even so, the jars still keep many secrets. Researchers do not yet know exactly why this unusual form of burial developed or what ceremonies took place there.

1. The text describes a project or discovery based on scientific research. TRUE / FALSE
2. Modern technology plays an important role in the work described. TRUE / FALSE
3. Researchers have already answered every important question about the subject. TRUE / FALSE
4. The text mentions a practical reason why the research may be useful. TRUE / FALSE
5. The article says that the work is completely free of difficulties or limitations. TRUE / FALSE
6. Scientists need to collect or compare evidence before reaching conclusions. TRUE / FALSE
7. The text claims that one single discovery has solved every related problem. TRUE / FALSE
8. The subject may help researchers understand a wider scientific or historical issue. TRUE / FALSE

Based on Smithsonian Magazine reporting on archaeological research into the stone jars of Laos.

...../8 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 3 (0-15 pkt)

Wybierz najlepsze tłumaczenie fragmentów zdań. Za każdy poprawny wybór otrzymasz 1 punkt.

1. The soup is _____ (zbyt gorąca, żeby) eat.
A) such hot to B) so hot that
C) enough hot to D) too hot to
2. My brother is _____ (przyzwyczajony do wstawania) early.
A) getting used get up B) used to get up
C) used to getting up D) use to getting up
3. The bridge _____ (został zbudowany) more than a century ago.
A) has built B) was building
C) was built D) is built
4. She _____ (wolałaby) take the train than drive.
A) had better B) would rather
C) used to D) would prefer
5. I wish I _____ (umiał) speak Japanese.
A) can B) could
C) should D) will
6. She succeeded _____ (mimo że) she was very nervous.
A) unless B) despite
C) although D) because
7. By the time we arrived, the film _____ (już się zaczął).
A) had already started B) already started
C) was already starting D) has already started
8. She _____ (musiała) leave early yesterday.
A) must B) had to
C) has to D) should
9. He asked me _____ (gdzie mieszkam).
A) where did I live B) where I lived
C) where do I live D) where I live?
10. I haven't seen Mia _____ (od) last Friday.
A) from B) since
C) during D) for
11. You _____ (nie wolno ci) use your phone during the test.
A) don't have to B) wouldn't
C) mustn't D) needn't
12. He apologized _____ (za spóźnienie).
A) because late B) for be late
C) to be late D) for being late
13. You'd better _____ (nie spóźnić się) again.
A) not be late B) not to be late
C) don't be late D) to not be late
14. This is the book _____ (który pożyczyłeś mi) yesterday.
A) where you lent me B) whose you lent me
C) who you lent me D) which you lent me
15. We arrived _____ (na czas) for the beginning of the show.
A) in time B) at time
C) by time D) on the time

...../15 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 4 (0-21 pkt)

Uzupełnij każde zdanie jednym pasującym słowem. Liczba kresek odpowiada liczbie brakujących liter. Wymagana jest całkowita poprawność ortograficzna. Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

1. The long r _____ across the mountains took almost six hours.
2. Our j _____ is quiet, but it is close to the city centre.
3. Protecting the a _____ requires changes in the way we use resources.
4. The s _____ applauded loudly at the end of the performance.
5. The team carried out careful g _____ before publishing its results.
6. Regular e _____ can improve both physical and mental health.
7. The m _____ announced a new education programme.
8. The trip turned into an unexpected p _____.
9. Air c _____ is a serious problem in many large cities.
10. The new exhibition opened at the local n _____.
11. Geography is my favourite school e _____.
12. We booked a table at a small Italian p _____.
13. She won first prize in the national w _____.
14. The new r _____ could change the way people travel.
15. Modern a _____ allows people to communicate instantly.
16. He was taken to t _____ after the accident.
17. Every p _____ must show a ticket before boarding.
18. Music is an important part of every c _____.
19. The a _____ changed suddenly during our walk.
20. Waiting for the results requires a lot of h _____.
21. The young i _____ trains six days a week.

...../21 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 5 (0-15 pkt)

Przeczytaj zdania. Wykorzystując wyraz podany drukowanymi literami, uzupełnij lukę tak, aby zachować sens zdania wyjściowego. Nie zmieniaj formy podanego wyrazu. W lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie pięć wyrazów, wliczając wyraz podany. Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

1. The storm prevented us from leaving. (BECAUSE)
We couldn't leave _____ storm.
2. The last time I saw Leo was Monday. (SINCE)
I _____ Monday.
3. I started learning Spanish two years ago. (BEEN)
I _____ Spanish for two years.
4. It isn't necessary for Eva to come early. (HAVE)
Eva _____ early.
5. Someone is repairing our roof tomorrow. (HAVING)
We _____ tomorrow.
6. I regret not taking an umbrella. (WISH)
I _____ an umbrella.
7. People speak English in many countries. (SPOKEN)
English _____ many countries.
8. Although he was tired, he kept working. (SPITE)
In _____, he kept working.
9. Maya said, 'I will call you tomorrow.' (PROMISED)
Maya _____ the next day.
10. This bag is too heavy for me to carry. (ENOUGH)
I am not _____ this bag.
11. The test was easier than I expected. (AS)
The test wasn't _____ expected.
12. I prefer cycling to taking the bus. (RATHER)
I _____ take the bus.
13. I don't know why she left. (IDEA)
I _____ she left.
14. He started work before I arrived. (ALREADY)
He _____ when I arrived.
15. Perhaps Tom forgot the meeting. (MIGHT)
Tom _____ the meeting.

...../15 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 6 (0-12 pkt)

Uzupełnij tekst, wpisując w każdą lukę jeden wyraz tak, aby tekst był logiczny i poprawny gramatycznie. Nie wolno używać skrótów. Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

Exploration has always been _____ (1) important part of human history. People travel _____ (2) learn about places that are different from home. Modern travellers _____ (3) able to reach distant destinations quickly, but responsible tourism depends _____ (4) respect for local communities. Visitors can learn _____ (5) residents while also supporting local businesses. _____ (6) tourism brings money, it can also create pressure on popular places. It is _____ (7) enough simply to take photographs; travellers should think about the effect of their choices. People _____ (8) behave responsibly can help protect destinations. Spending too _____ (9) time in one crowded attraction may be less rewarding than exploring quieter areas. A _____ (10) thoughtful plan can improve the experience. Even a _____ (11) simple changes can make travel more sustainable, especially _____ (12) many visitors make them together.

...../12 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 7 (0-11 pkt)

Uzupełnij zdania wykorzystując podane w nawiasach wyrazy w odpowiedniej formie. Nie wolno zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów, ale możesz dodać inne wyrazy. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna. Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

1. When I was younger, I (use/play) _____ outside every day.
2. How long (you/live) _____ in this town?
3. Has the package (already/deliver) _____?
4. I wonder (why/she/refuse/come) _____ with us.
5. My brother (go/swim/two/time) _____ week.
6. She says she (not/mind/help) _____ with the project.
7. I (rather/stay) _____ at home tonight.
8. We (not/have/bring) _____ any equipment.
9. The guide asked us (not/take) _____ photographs.
10. Do you know (what/time/museum/open) _____ tomorrow?
11. We will go hiking (if/weather/be) _____ good.

...../11 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

Zadanie nr 8 (0-12 pkt)

Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź TRUE / FALSE. Za każdą poprawną odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.

1. The United Kingdom consists of England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. TRUE / FALSE
2. Cardiff is the capital of Scotland. TRUE / FALSE
3. Loch Ness is in Wales. TRUE / FALSE
4. The White House is in Washington, D.C. TRUE / FALSE
5. Washington, D.C. is one of the 50 U.S. states. TRUE / FALSE
6. Alaska lies directly south of Florida. TRUE / FALSE
7. The River Thames flows through London. TRUE / FALSE
8. Stonehenge is a prehistoric monument in England. TRUE / FALSE
9. Mount Rushmore is located in New York City. TRUE / FALSE
10. Liverpool is strongly associated with the Beatles. TRUE / FALSE
11. Edinburgh is the capital of Scotland. TRUE / FALSE
12. New York City is the capital of the United States. TRUE / FALSE

...../12 pkt
(liczba uzyskanych punktów / maksymalna liczba punktów)

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